

Learning Shape Symmetries and UV-maps for 3D Mesh Reconstruction

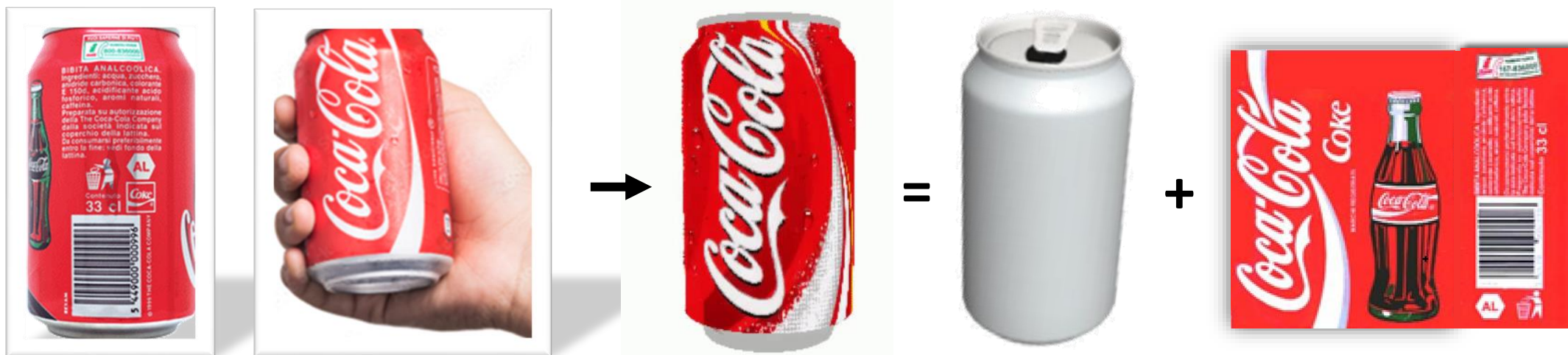
Research Internship Project

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Mentors: **Leonid Pishchulin**
Laurent Guigues

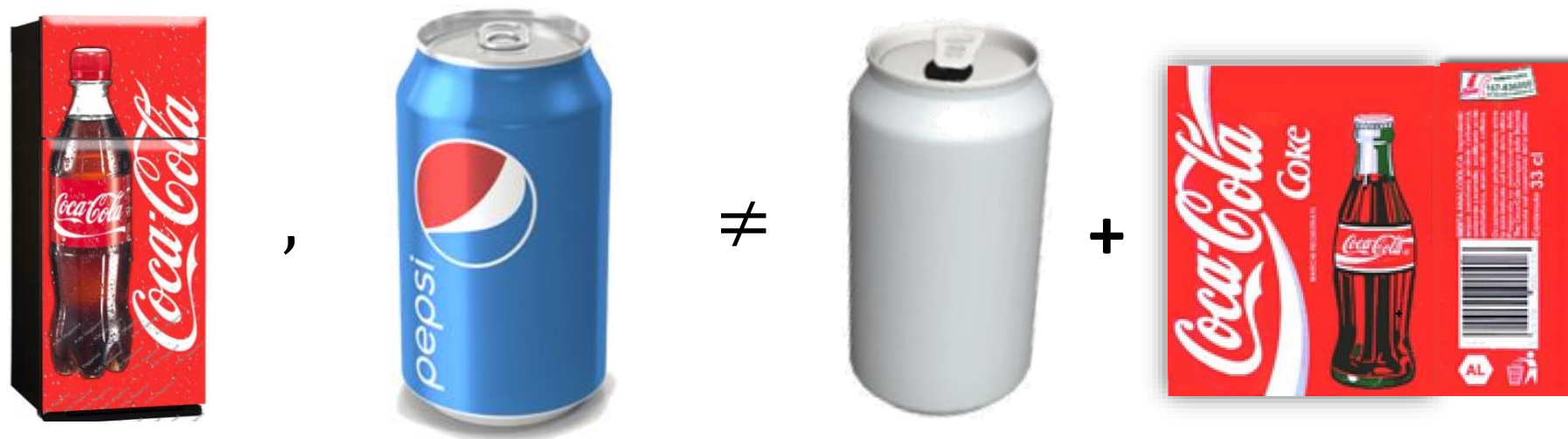
Learning Shape and Color Representation

- Reconstruct 3D shape & texture from RGB
- Shape-texture encoding for recognition signature
 - View invariance and consistency



Learning Shape and Color Representation

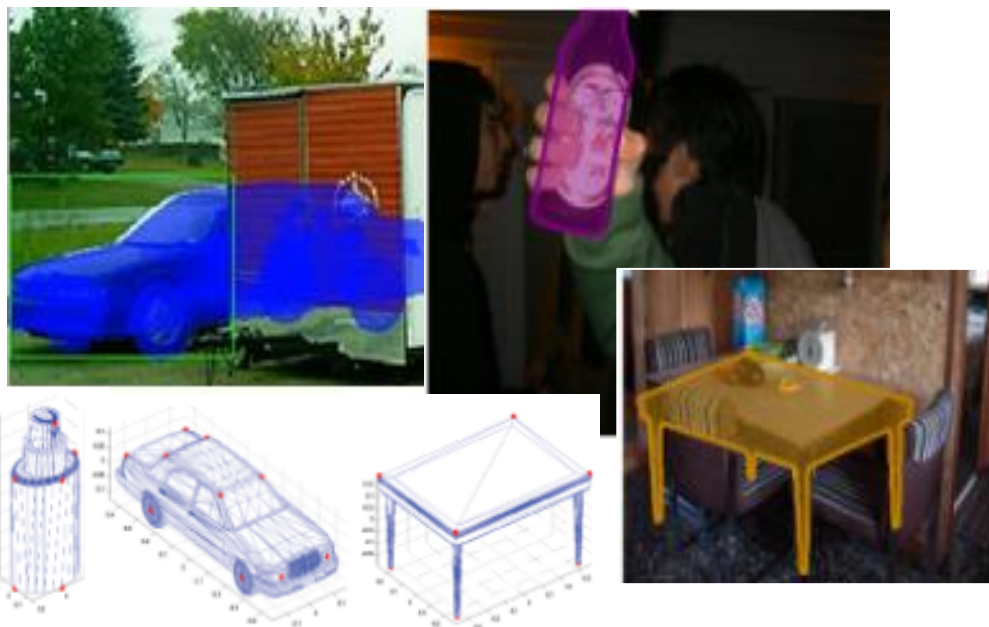
- Reconstruct 3D shape & texture from RGB
- Shape-texture encoding for recognition signature
 - View invariance and consistency
 - Shape-color uniqueness



Learning Shape and Color Representation

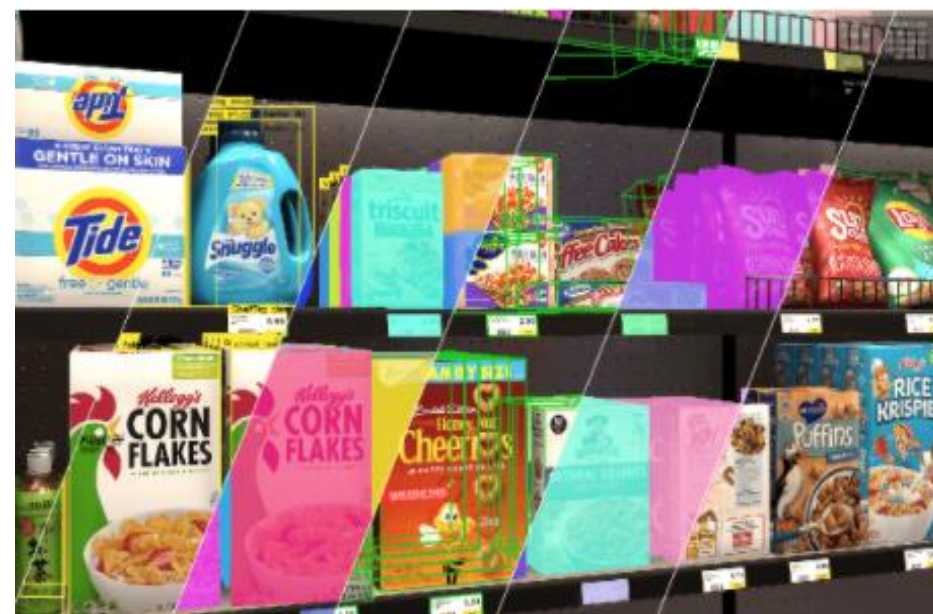
I. Advance state-of-the-art

- Standard benchmarks



II. Supermarket scenarios

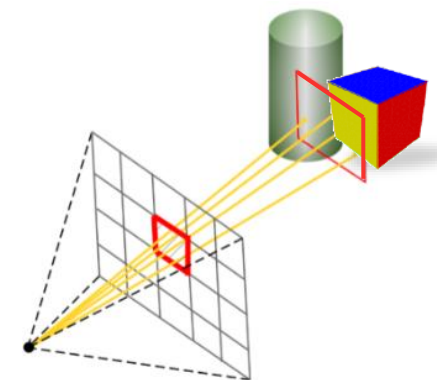
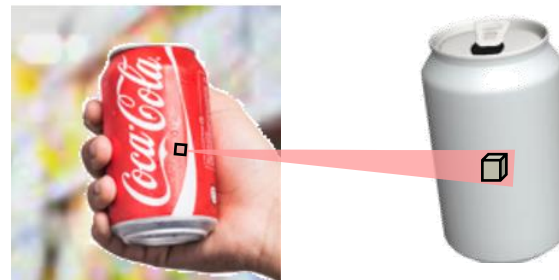
- Synthetic data pipeline



Challenges

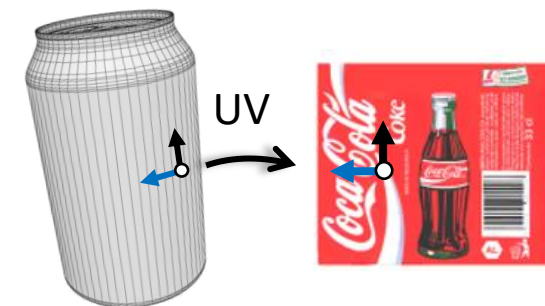
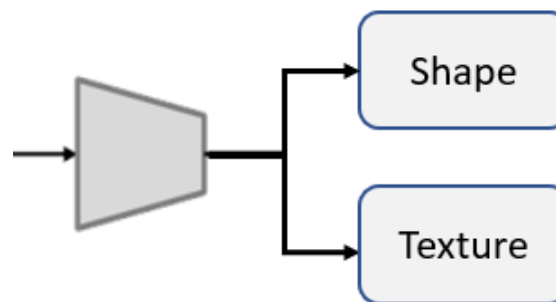
3D Ground Truth

- synthetic data
- implicit supervision



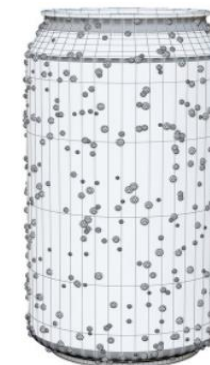
Shape-Color Decomposition

- network modularity
- flexible training
- UV mapping



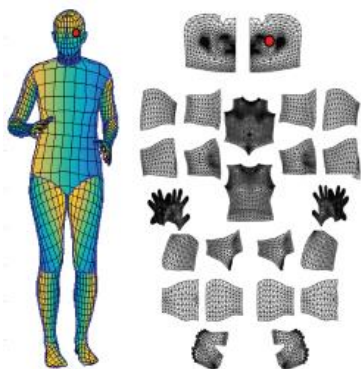
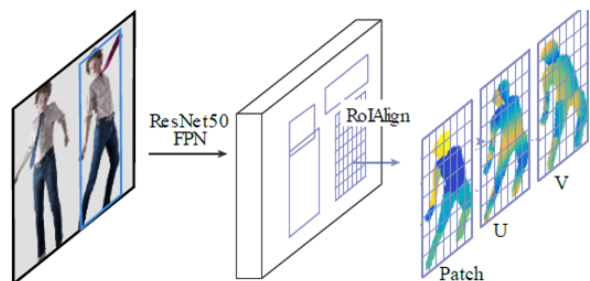
Consistent Representation

- template deformation



Shape-Texture Reconstruction Overview

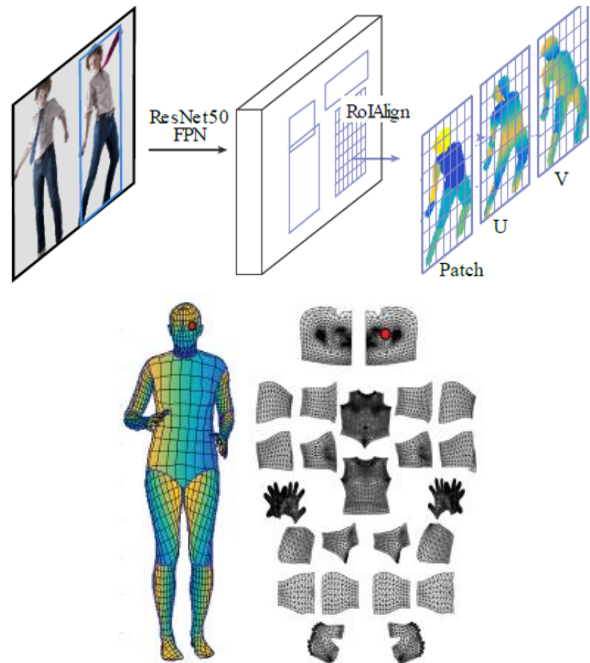
Narrow Domain



[Güler et al. 2018] (Denspose),
[Rempe et al 2021] (HuMor)

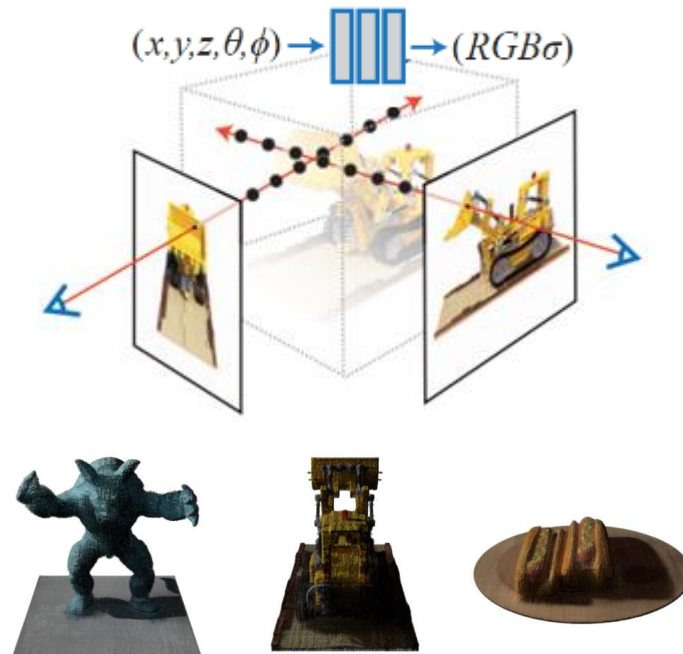
Shape-Texture Reconstruction Overview

Narrow Domain



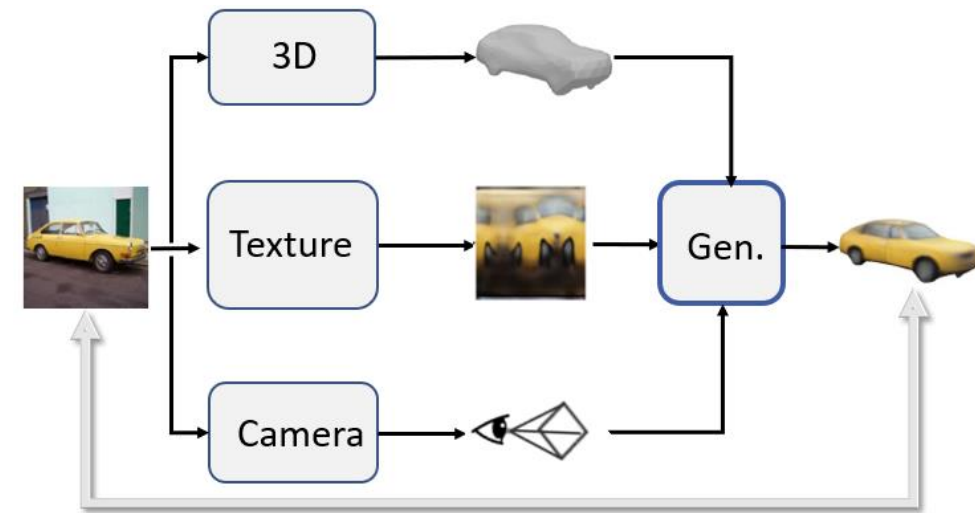
[Güler et al. 2018] (Densepose),
[Rempe et al 2021] (HuMor)

NeRF



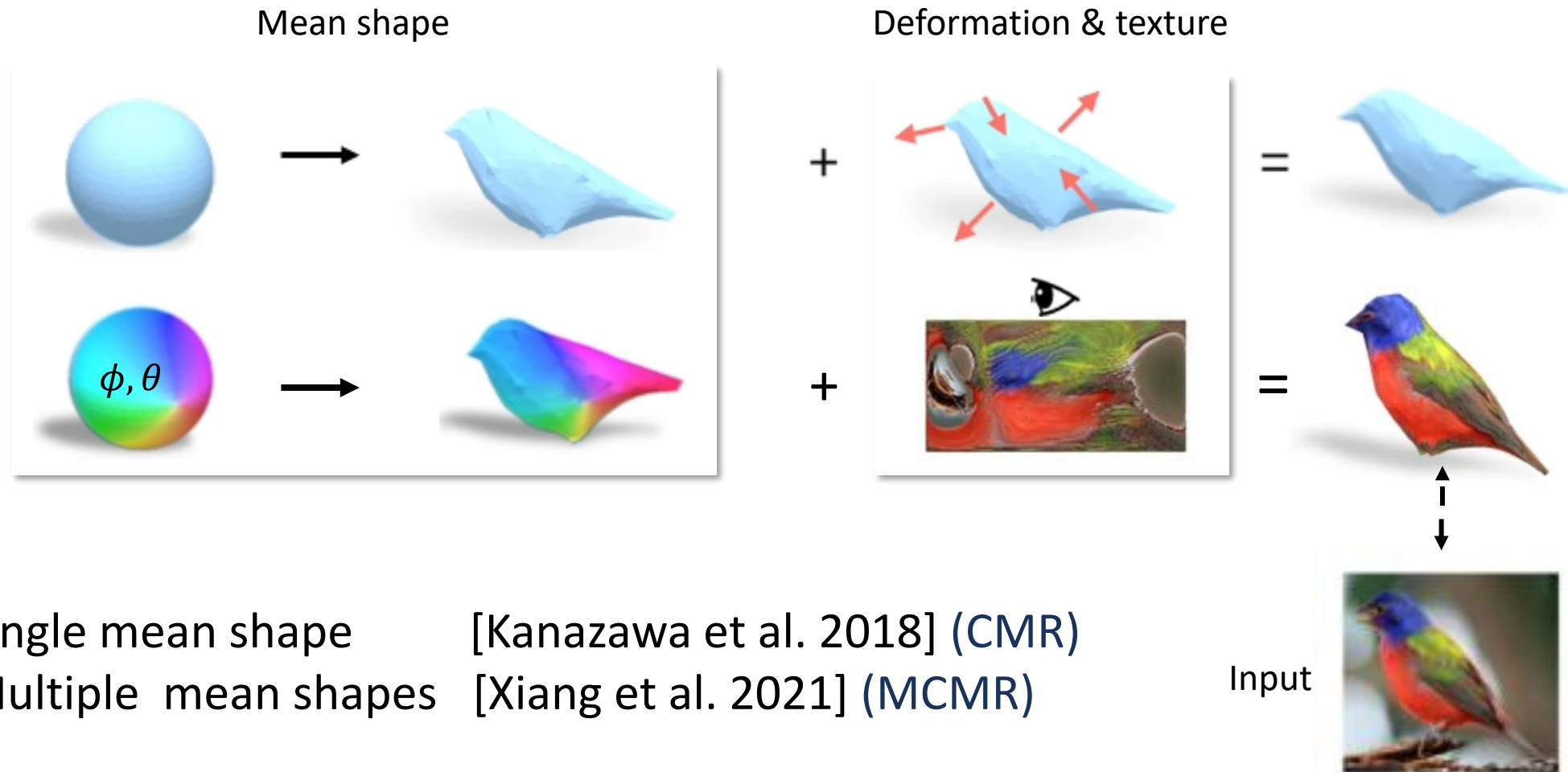
[Mildenhall et al. 2020],
[Xie et al. 2021], [Xiang et al. 2021]

Implicit

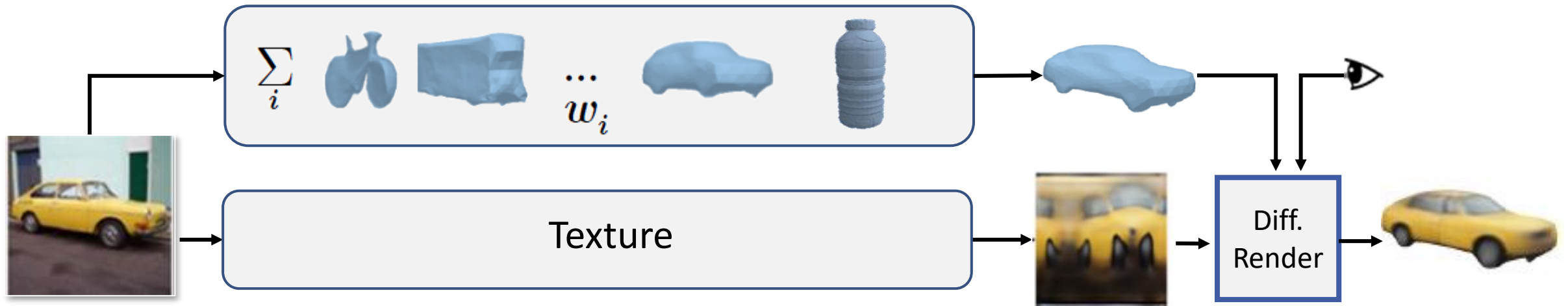


[Mildenhall et al. 2020] (pix2surf),
[Kanazawa et al. 2018] (CMR),
[Xiang et al. 2021] (MCMR)

Mesh-Based Differential Rendering



Multi-Class Mesh Reconstruction (MCMR)



- ✓ General representation
- ✓ Shape-texture modularity
- ✓ Consistent representation

Multi-Class Mesh Reconstruction (MCMR)

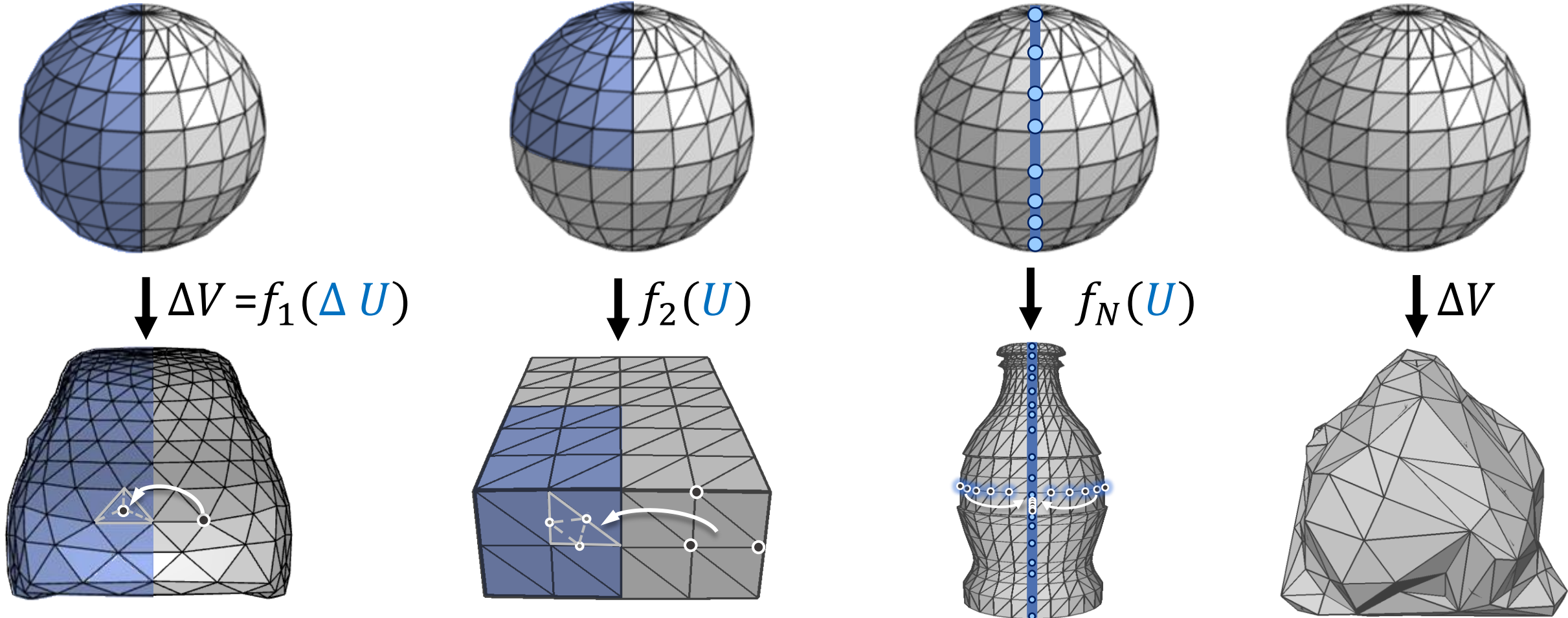


- ✓ General representation
- ✓ Shape-texture modularity
- ✓ Consistent representation

- ✗ Texture quality
 - layout
- ✗ Efficient 3D representation
 - class features

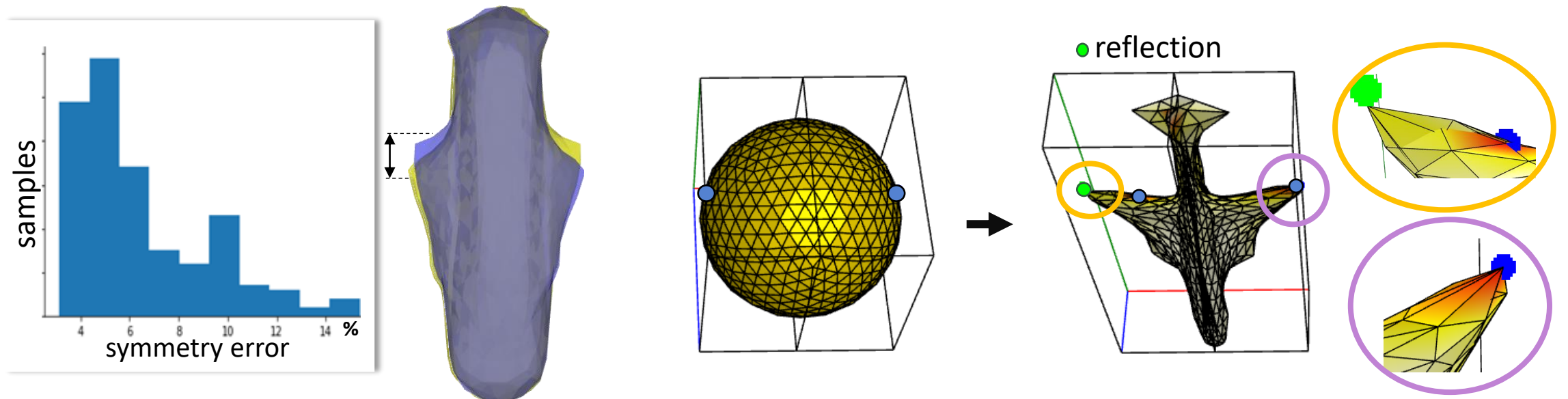
More Efficient Representation

$$V \supset U$$

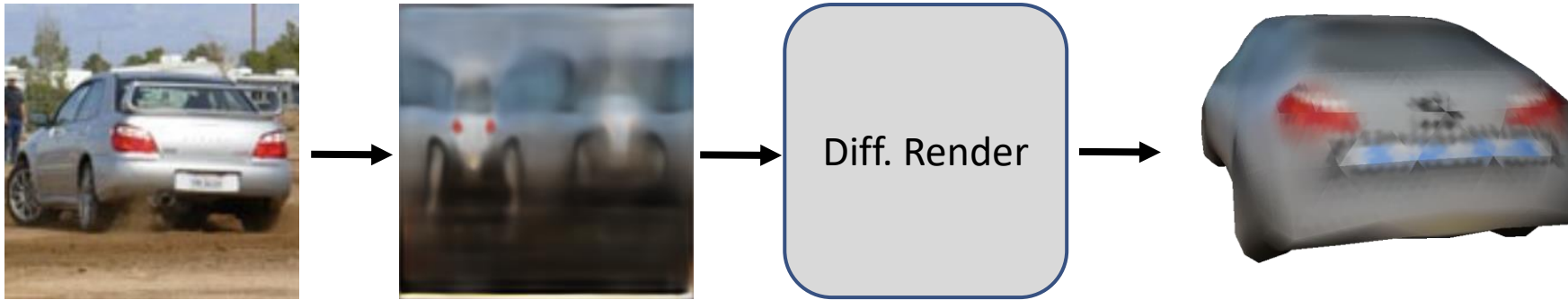


Symmetry-Aware Representation

- Increase 3D accuracy for symmetric objects
- Reduces extra DoF
 - minimal network changes
 - better mesh quality

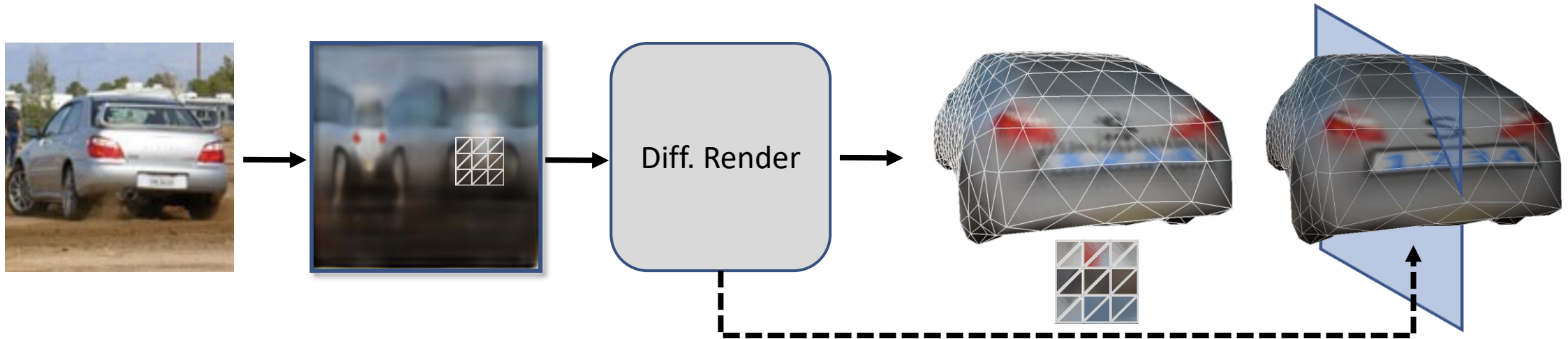


Improved Texture Mapping

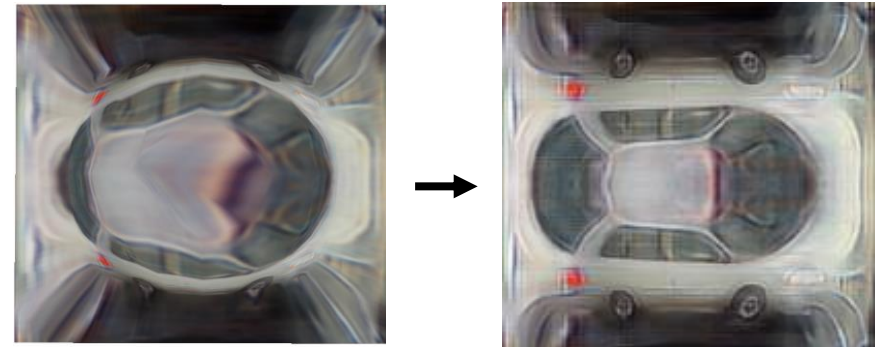


- Differential Rendering Mode

Improved Texture Mapping

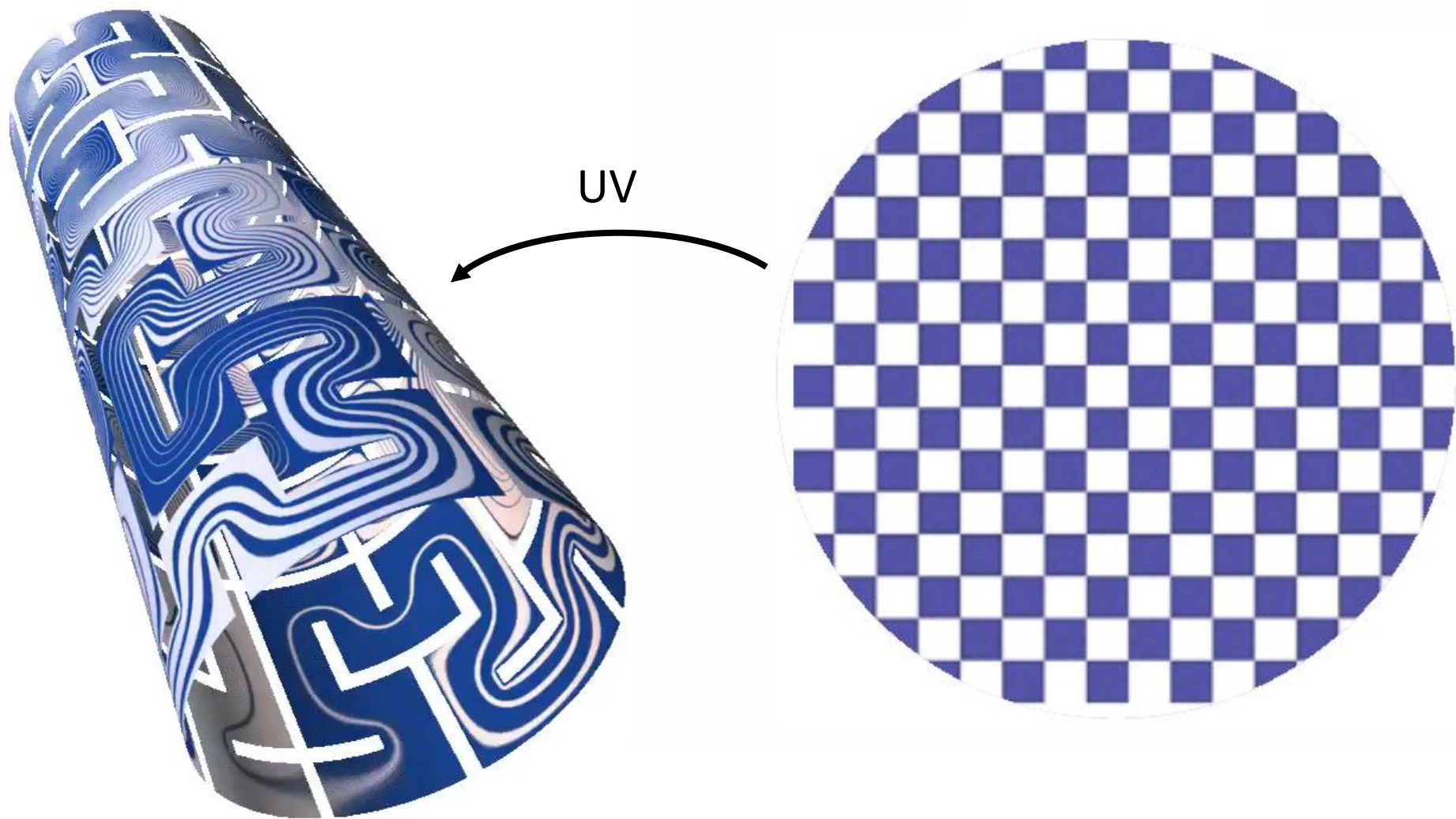


- Differential Rendering Mode
 - Grid vs UV-map sampling
- Texture layout
 - Symmetry-aware cut
 - Supervise UV-map quality



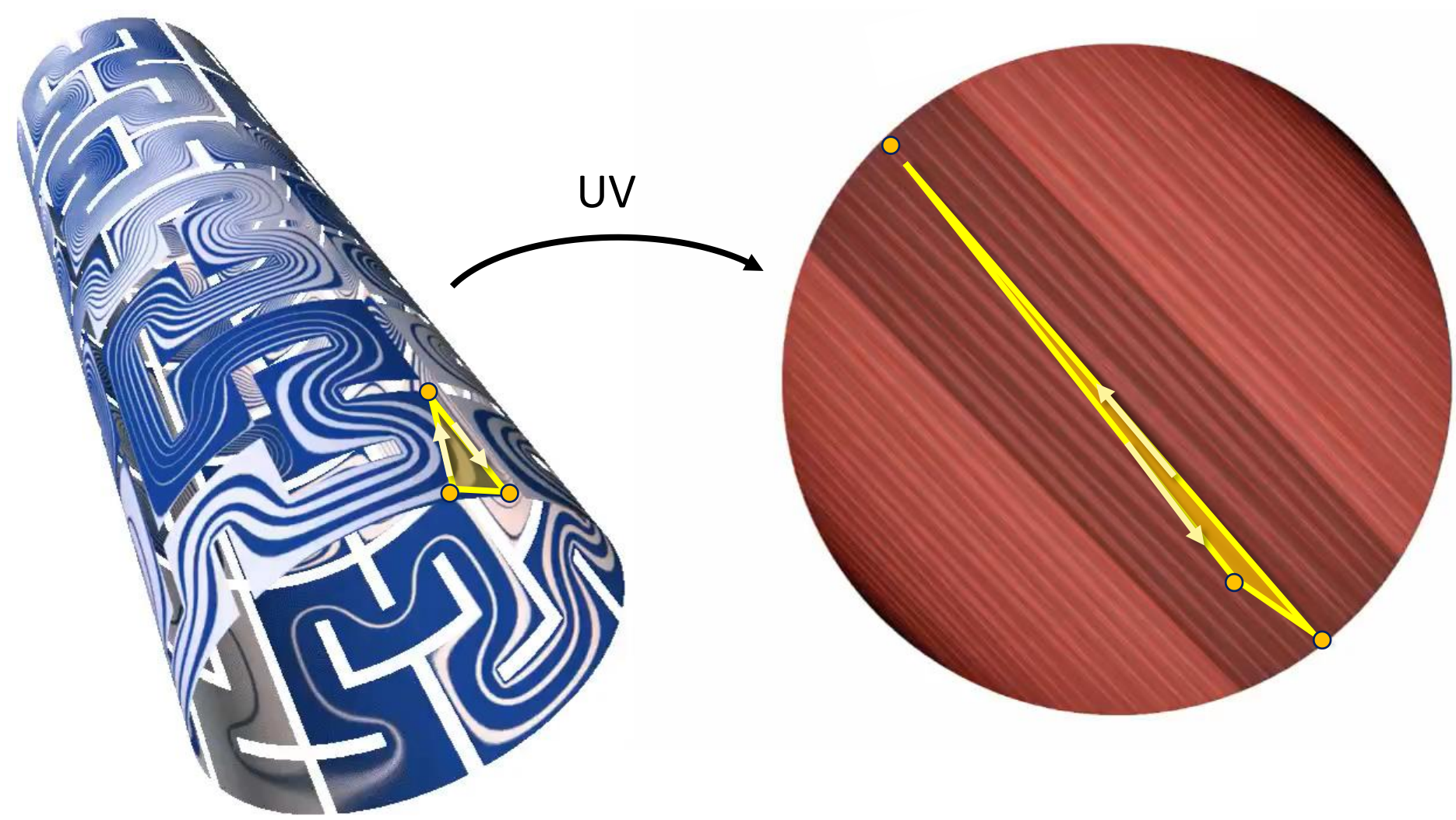


UV-map distortions

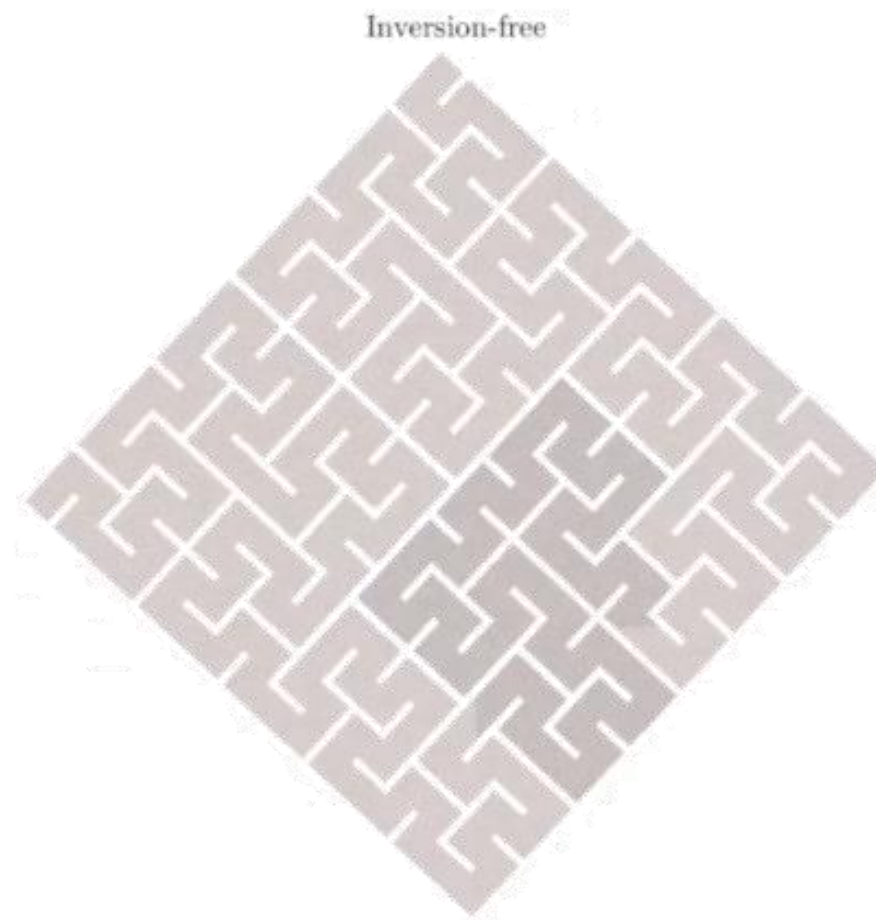




UV-map distortions



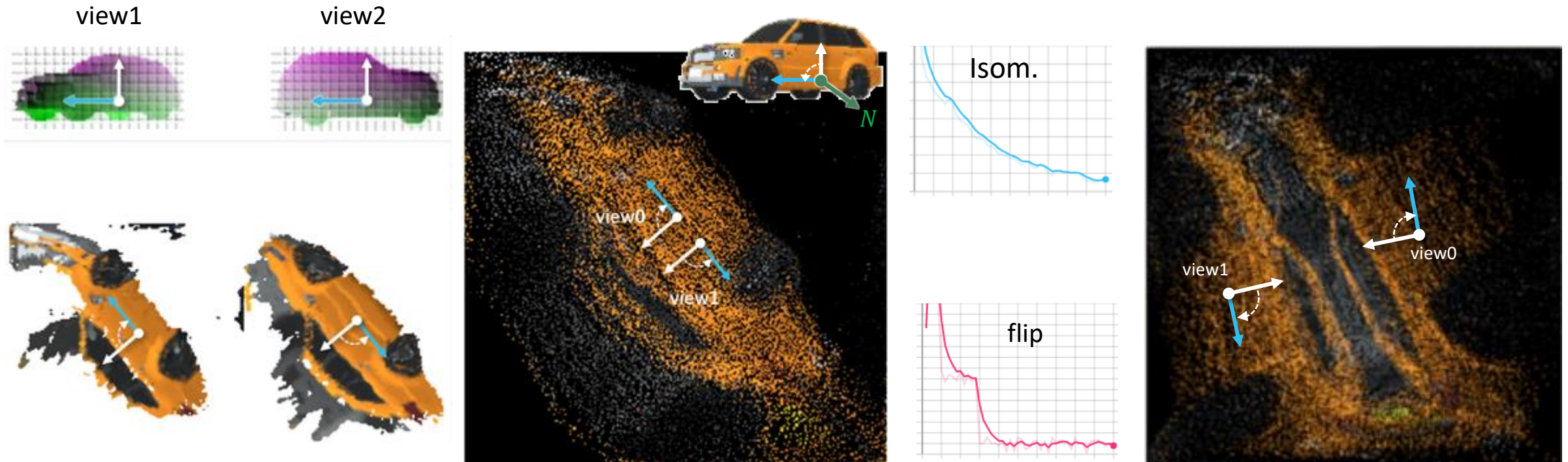
Minimizing UV-map distortions



Pix2Surf distortion losses

$$L_{\text{isom}} = \sum_{pk \sim ij} \left| \left\| xyz_{ij} - xyz_{pk} \right\| - \left\| uv_{ij} - uv_{pk} \right\| \right|$$

$$L_{\text{flip}}^{1/p} = \left\| \text{Relu}(\widehat{\Delta_1 uv} \times \widehat{\Delta_2 uv})_Z \right\|^p \left\|_1 \right.$$

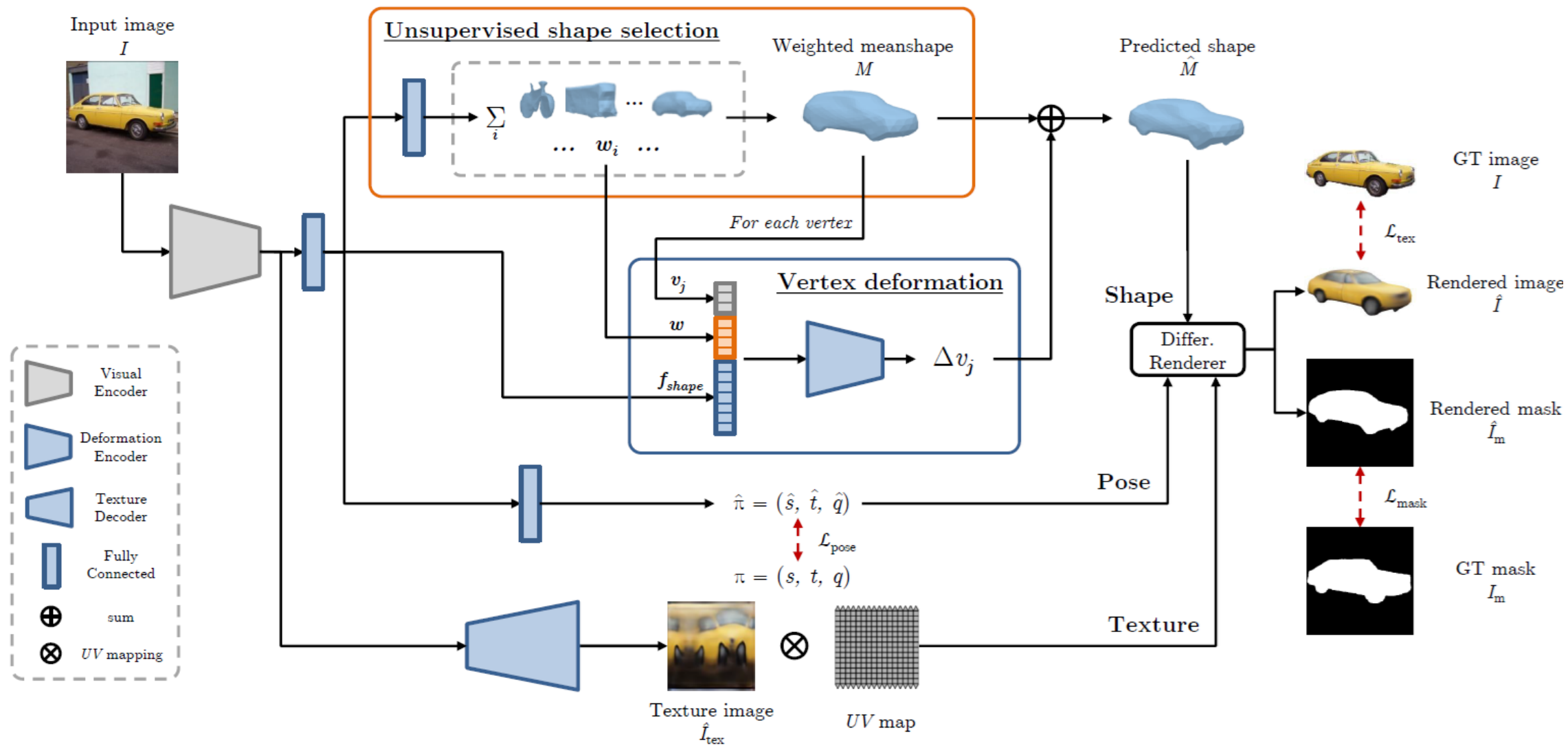




Bibliography

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- Liu, Shichen, et al. "Soft rasterizer: A differentiable renderer for image-based 3d reasoning." *IEEE/CVF Vision* 2019.
- Kanazawa, Angjoo, et al. "Learning category-specific mesh reconstruction from image collections." *ECCV* 2018.

Appendix: MCMR architecture



Appendix: Pix2Surf architecture

